









#### ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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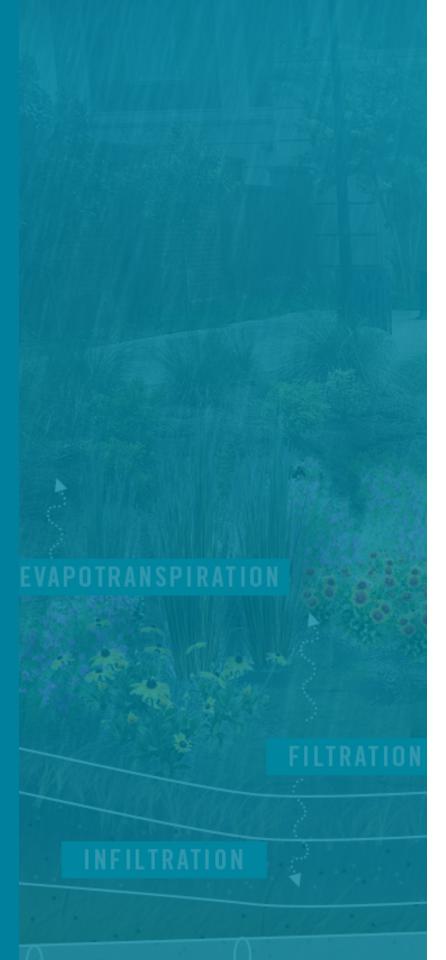
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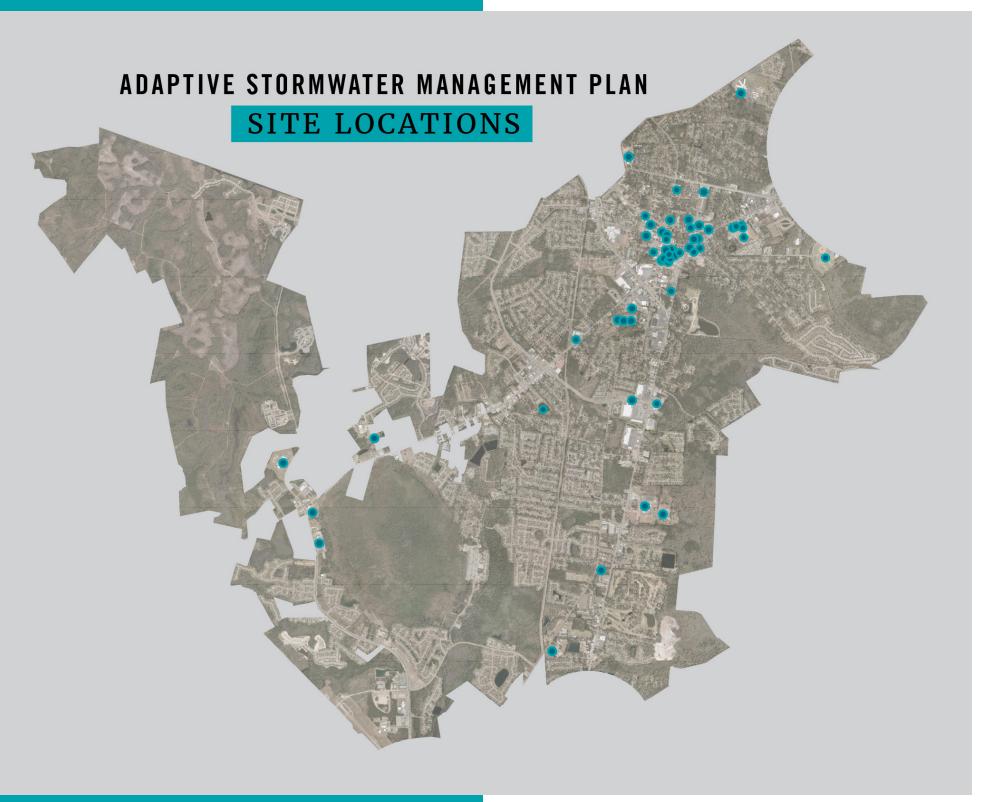
#### ABOUT

Marine Extension and Georgia Sea Grant is committed to improving the environmental and economic health of coastal Georgia through research, education, and outreach. The program's mission is to improve public resource policy, encourage far sighted economic and fisheries decisions, anticipate vulnerabilities to change, and educate citizens to be wise stewards of the coastal environment. For more information about the program, go to gacoast.uga.edu.



#### Introduction

	Project Overview	. 5
	Hinesville	. 5
	What is Stormwater?	. 8
	What is Green Infrastructure?	. 8
	Site Example: Liberty County Justice Center	. 10
	Site Example: Lewis Frasier Middle School	. 12
	Community Engagement	. 14
	Maintenance	. 14
) [	oject Sites	
	Board of Commissioners	. 16
	Board of Education	. 18
	Bradwell Institute	. 20
	Fire Station	. 22
	First Calvary Baptist Church	. 24
	First Presbyterian Christian Academy	. 26
	First United Methodist Church	. 28
	Georgia Southern University	. 30
	Hinesville First SDA Church	. 32
	Liberty County Division of Family	
	and Child Services	. 34
	James Brown Park	. 36
	Jordye Bacon Elementary School	. 38
	Lewis Frasier Middle School	. 40
	Frank Long Elementary School	. 42
	Liberty County Detective Office	. 44
	Liberty County Emergency Management and	
	Information Technology	
	Liberty County Justice Center	. 48
	Liberty County Regional Hospital	. 50
	Liberty County Department of Recreation	. 52
	Little Treasures Learning Center	. 54
	Savannah Technical College	. 56
	Snelson-Golden Middle School	. 58
	South Main Baptist Church	. 60
	Taylor's Creek Elementary School	. 62
	Waldo Pafford Elementary School	. 64
	Westwood Child Care	. 66



# **Introduction**

#### PROJECT OVERVIEW

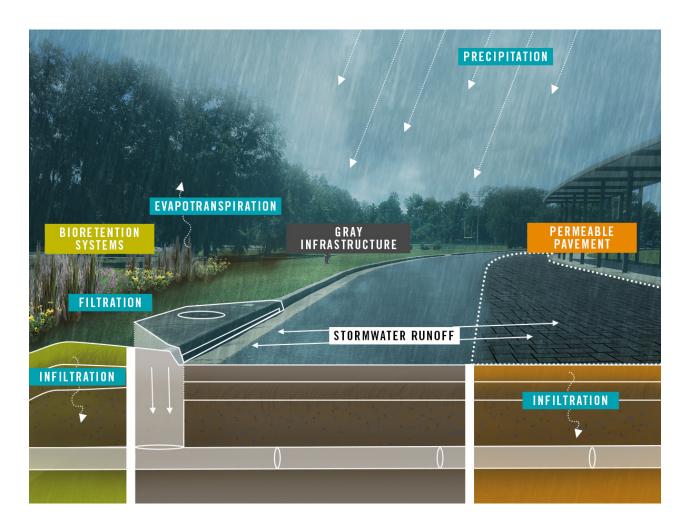
In 2018 the Georgia Department of Natural Resources Coastal Resources Division's Enhancing Coastal Resilience with Green Infrastructure project awarded funding to the Marine Extension and Georgia Sea Grant Stormwater Program to identify priority locations within the City of Hinesville to implement stormwater green infrastructure. The primary objective of this work was to create a tailored plan to support sustainable, innovative, and cost-effective stormwater management by identifying stormwater green infrastructure opportunities positioned for implementation. This plan is intended to be a resource for decisionmakers and to be used as a guide to begin implementing green infrastructure practices and demonstrate to residents and local leaders the benefits and opportunities for better managing stormwater runoff.

### HINESVILLE

The City of Hinesville is the seat of Liberty County, covering approximately 18 square miles and supporting a population of 33,431 according to the 2020 US Census. Hinesville is located 40 miles



southwest of Savannah, adjacent to Fort Stewart, in the heart of the Ogeechee river basin. The majority of the City of Hinesville drains east via Peacock Creek before making it to larger tidal systems and the Ogeechee River. By evaluating the city's feasibility for green infrastructure, there are costeffective ways to begin mitigating for flooding and water quality concerns to continue to protect the City of Hinesville's connection to the surrounding water resources and to assist in achieving their mission of providing the highest quality of life, nurturing a strong business community, and maintaining efficient government for the residents of Hinesville.

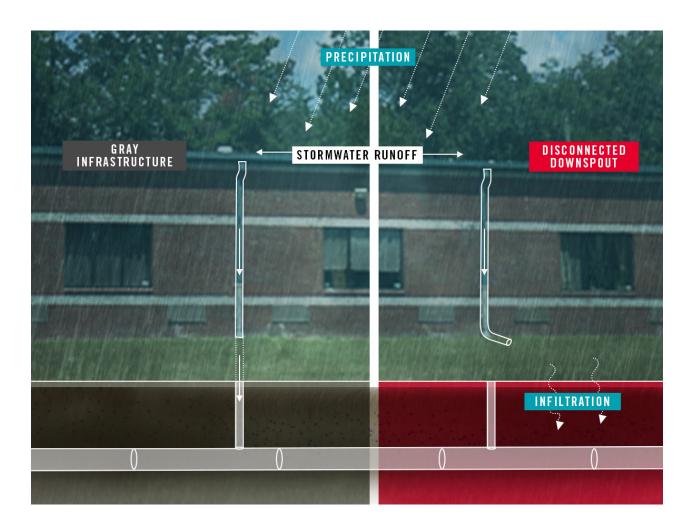


#### WHAT IS STORMWATER?

When rainfall flows across a surface instead of being absorbed into the ground, it is called "stormwater" or "stormwater runoff. These processes of soaking in or runoff off make up part of the natural water cycle in Georgia. When a disproportionate amount of rainfall becomes stormwater runoff, flooding, erosion, and reduced water quality can result. Green infrastructure can capture, filter, treat, and store stormwater runoff before it negatively impacts our waterways.

#### WHAT IS GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE?

Green infrastructure is an approach to stormwater management that protects, restores, or mimics the natural water cycle. Green infrastructure uses vegetation, soils, permeable surfaces, and rainwater harvesting to manage stormwater. Green infrastructure is a cost-effective, resilient approach to managing wet weather impacts that provides many community benefits.









### Green Infrastructure Strategies

There are hundreds of different measures and strategies ranging from site to watershed scale applications that are classified as green infrastructure strategies or practices. This plan focuses on three primary strategies: bioretention systems, permeable pavement, and downspout disconnection. The plan identifies both bioretention practices and bioswales as part of bioretention systems. These are all practices recognized by the Coastal Stormwater Supplement to the Georgia Stormwater Management Manual as suitable for stormwater management in the coastal region.

**PRECIPITATION** 

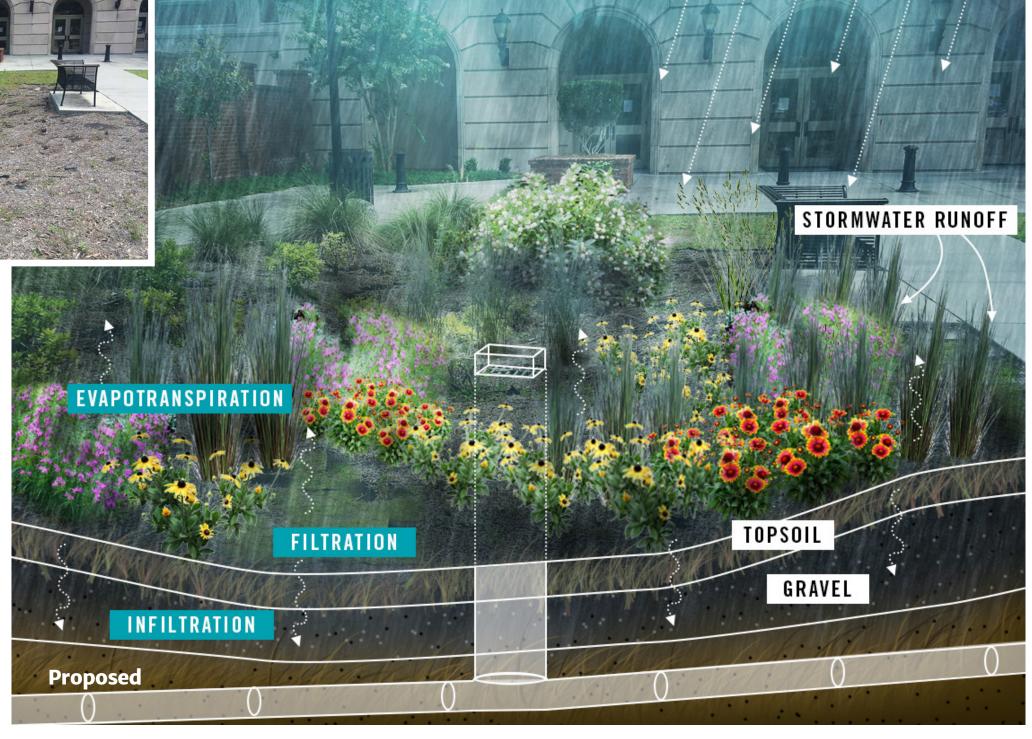


### SITE EXAMPLE

10

# **Liberty County Justice Center**

The vegetated quadrant at the main entrance can be retrofitted with four bioretention systems to capture, treat, and infiltrate runoff from the adjacent sidewalk. Runoff from the parking lot on the south side of the site can be treated by a permeable pavement system. Downspouts on the western edge of the building can be disconnected to allow stormwater to infiltrate into the vegetated areas adjacent to the building.



12



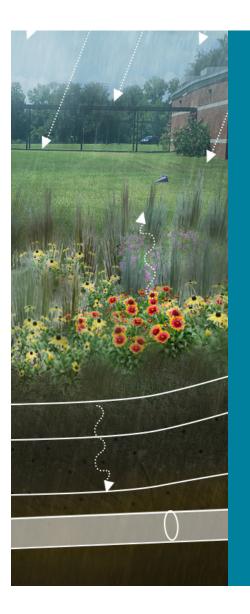


#### COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

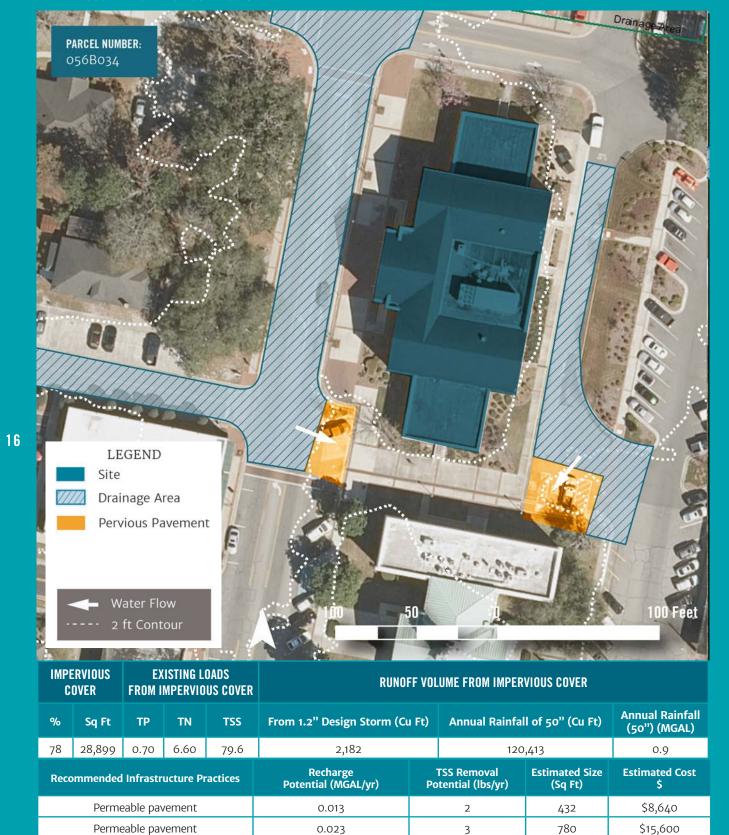
For the City of Hinesville to gain the support necessary to implement stormwater green infrastructure, its residents must first understand the role that this type of sustainable infrastructure can play in improving the quality of their water resources and protecting them from the effects of natural disasters and riverine flooding. The Adaptive Stormwater Management Plan does not include an exhaustive list of green infrastructure practices for the City of Hinesville. The project sites selected were chosen based on their feasibility to support green infrastructure to manage stormwater, public accessibility, and educational opportunity. The selected sites were identified through municipal engagement and field verified to support these criteria.

#### MAINTENANCE

Stormwater management systems and green infrastructure, like all types of infrastructure, must be maintained for performance. Additional maintenance resources can be found in Appendix E of the Georgia Stormwater Management Manual or at https://gacoast.uga.edu/outreach/programs/stormwater-management/.



# **Project Sites**



# **Liberty County Board of Commissioners**

112 N Main Street, Hinesville, GA 31313







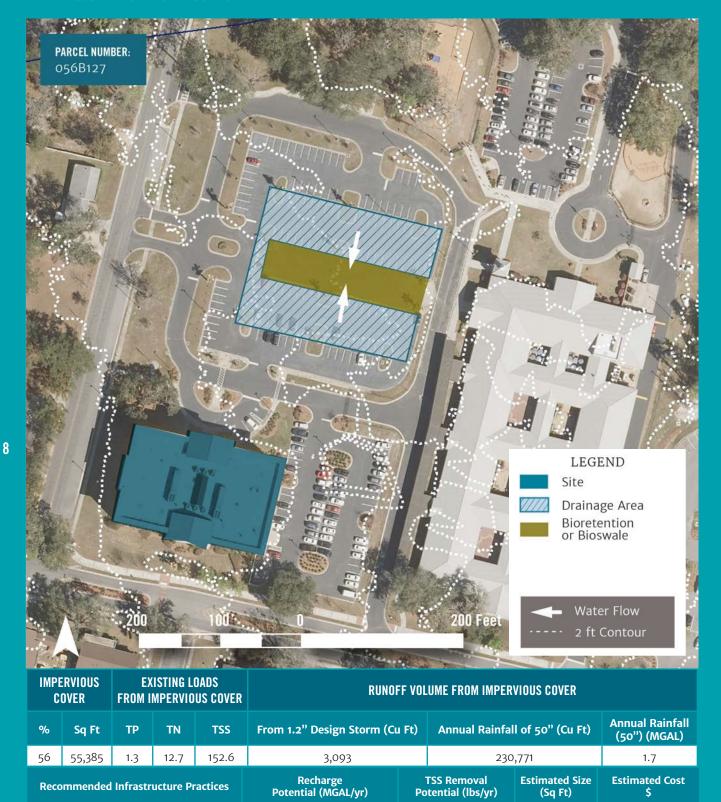
#### PROPOSED STRATEGIES:



# **OVERVIEW**

Stormwater runoff from the streets adjacent to the building can be captured and treated in six parking stalls (three in each proposed location). There will be no loss of parking at the site. The permeable pavement systems will be connected by an existing trench drain located in the sidewalk south of the building.

Bioretention



0.918

135

6,300

75,600

# Liberty County Board of Education

9510 Hwy 196, Hinesville, GA 31313







### PROPOSED STRATEGIES:



# **OVERVIEW**

A bioretention system is proposed in the center island of the parking lot north of the Liberty County Board of Education to capture the runoff from the surrounding parking stalls. The bioretention system can capture, treat, and infiltrate stormwater runoff from the parking lot.

IMPERVIOUS COVER		EXISTING LOADS From impervious cover			RUNOFF VOLUME FROM IMPERVIOUS COVER					
%	Sq Ft	TP	TN	TSS	From 1.2" Design Storm (Cu	ı Ft)	Ft) Annual Rainfall of 50		Annual Rainfall (50") (MGAL)	
57	444,765	10.2	102.1	1,225.2	24,986		1,853,188		13.9	
Recommended Infrastructure Practices					Recharge Potential (MGAL/yr)		TSS Removal Estima Potential (lbs/yr) (Sc		Estimated Cost \$	
	В	ioretenti	on		0.28	53		7,740	92,880	
	В	ioretenti	on		0.06		10	685	8,220	

# **Bradwell Institute**

100 Pafford Street, Hinesville, GA 31313







# PROPOSED STRATEGIES:



# OVERVIEW

Two small bioretention systems are proposed adjacent to parking lots on the north end of the property. The systems will capture, treat, and infiltrate stormwater from parking stalls. The larger system on the northwest edge of the site will retrofit an existing detention basin.

22

Bioretention

0.0278

41

5450

65,400

# **Fire Station**

103 Liberty Street, Hinesville, GA 31313



# PROPOSED STRATEGIES:



BIORETENTION SYSTEMS



DISCONNECTED DOWNSPOUT

### **OVERVIEW**

Stormwater runoff is currently draining from north to south across the site. A bioretention system can be installed on the southern edge of the site. The downspouts from the building are directly connected and can be disconnected to flow over the lawn adjacent to the building.

Permeable Pavement (perimeter only)



0.104

15

3,450

28,750

# First Calvary Baptist Church

124 Rebecca Street, Hinesville, GA 31313







#### PROPOSED STRATEGIES:



PERVIOUS PAVEMENT



BIORETENTION SYSTEMS

### **OVERVIEW**

Rooftop runoff from building currently drains directly to the local storm sewer system. These downspouts can be redirected into a series of rain gardens that will capture, treat, and infiltrate stormwater runoff. A permeable pavement perimeter can be added to the basketball court across the street to capture runoff from the court.

26



	ERVIOUS OVER		ISTING L Mpervio	OADS OUS COVER	RUNOFF VOLUME FROM IMPERVIOUS COVER					
% sq. ft.		TP	TN	TSS	From 1.2" Design Storm (Cu Ft)		Annual Rainfal	Annual Rainfall (50") (MGAL)		
62	7,505	0.2	1.7	20.7	456		31,271		0.23	
Recor	nmended	Infrastr	ucture F	Practices	Recharge Potential (Mgal/yr)	Ren	TSS noval Potential (lbs/yr)	Estimated Size (sq. ft.)	Estimated Cost \$	
	В	ioretenti	on		0.116	17		1,000	12,000	

# First Presbyterian Christian Academy

308 E Court Street, Hinesville, GA 31313







# PROPOSED STRATEGIES:



BIORETENTION SYSTEMS



DISCONNECTED DOWNSPOUT

### **OVERVIEW**

A bioretention system can be added to the center courtyard of the site to capture roof runoff. This bioretention system can capture, treat, and infiltrate stormwater runoff.



# First United Methodist Church

203 N Main Street, Hinesville, GA 31313







### PROPOSED STRATEGIES:



# **OVERVIEW**

The grassed area to the north end of the property is currently being used as overflow parking. Permeable pavement is proposed for this area to capture and treat stormwater runoff from the existing parking lot and building rooftops.

Bioretention (Retrofit)



1.066

157

# **Georgia Southern University Liberty Campus**

175 W Memorial Drive, Hinesville, GA 31313







# PROPOSED STRATEGIES:



49,800

4,150

# **OVERVIEW**

Two bioretention systems are proposed to capture, treat, and infiltrate stormwater runoff on-site. The parking lot on the east side of the site drains to an existing detention basin. This basin can be retrofitted with bioretention system.

**Recommended Infrastructure Practices** 

Bioswale

32

0.422

Potential (lbs/yr)

89

(Sq Ft)

3,800

22,800

# **Hinesville First SDA Church**

173 Live Oak Church Rd, Hinesville, GA 31313





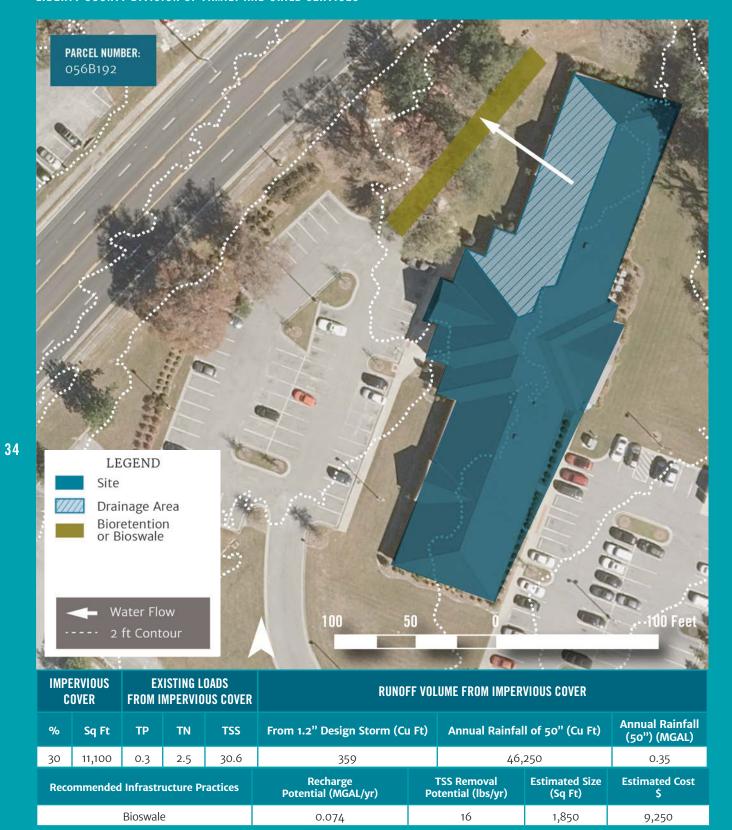


# PROPOSED STRATEGIES:



## **OVERVIEW**

Runoff from the parking lot is currently being directed into a ditch at the north end of the site. Sediment accumulation is happening in the parking lot from the quantity of runoff. The ditch can be retrofitted with a bioswale to treat and infiltrate stormwater.



# **Liberty County Division of Family and Child Services**

112 W Oglethorpe Hwy, Hinesville, GA 31313







# PROPOSED STRATEGIES:



## OVERVIEW

Roof runoff from the building can be redirected into a bioswale to treat and infiltrate stormwater runoff.



# **James Brown Park**

800 Tupelo Trail, Hinesville, GA 31313







# PROPOSED STRATEGIES:

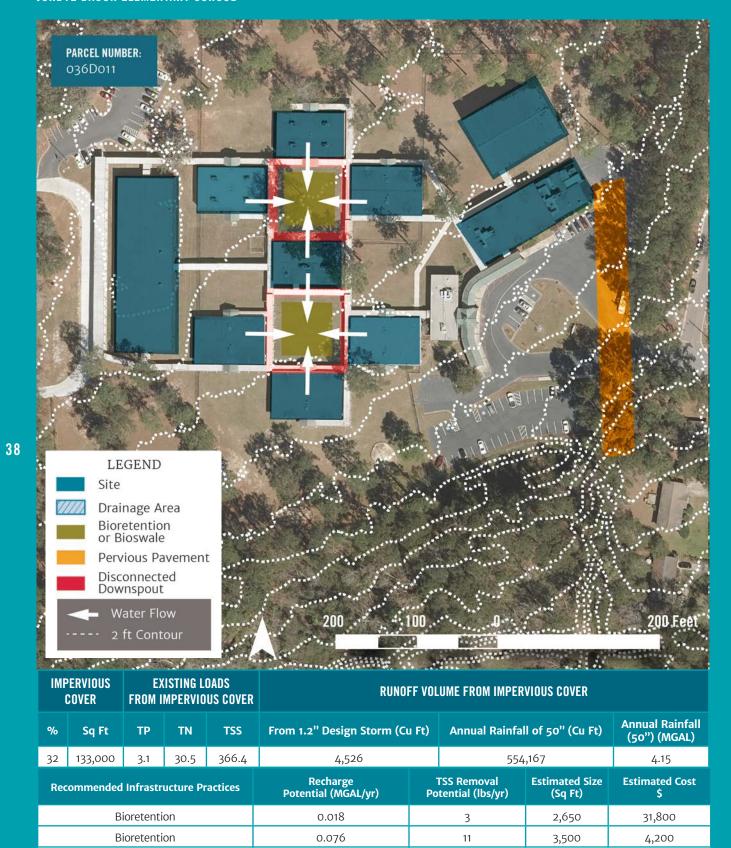


BIORETENTION SYSTEMS

# **OVERVIEW**

Runoff from the parking lot is currently eroding green space at the north end of the site. A bioswale can be added to treat, infiltrate, and diffuse the flow of stormwater.

Permeable Pavement



0.717

106

5,200

130,000

# Jordye Bacon Elementary School

100 Deen Street, Hinesville, GA 31313

PLACEHOLDER

PLACEHOLDER



## PROPOSED STRATEGIES:



PERMEABLE PAVEMENT



BIORETENTION SYSTEMS



DISCONNECTED DOWNSPOUT

#### **OVERVIEW**

Two bioretention systems and a permeable pavement system can be added to address stormwater runoff on-site. Downspouts from covered walkways can be disconnected and runoff redirected into bioretention systems in the courtyards. Runoff from the parking lot can be captured and treated in a permeable pavement system near the entrance on the east side of the site.

Bioretention

Permeable Pavement



0.226

0.173

33

26

950

7.800

11,400

195,000

# **Lewis Frasier Middle School**

910 Long Frasier Drive, Hinesville, GA 31313







# PROPOSED STRATEGIES:



PERMEABLE PAVEMENT



BIORETENTION SYSTEMS



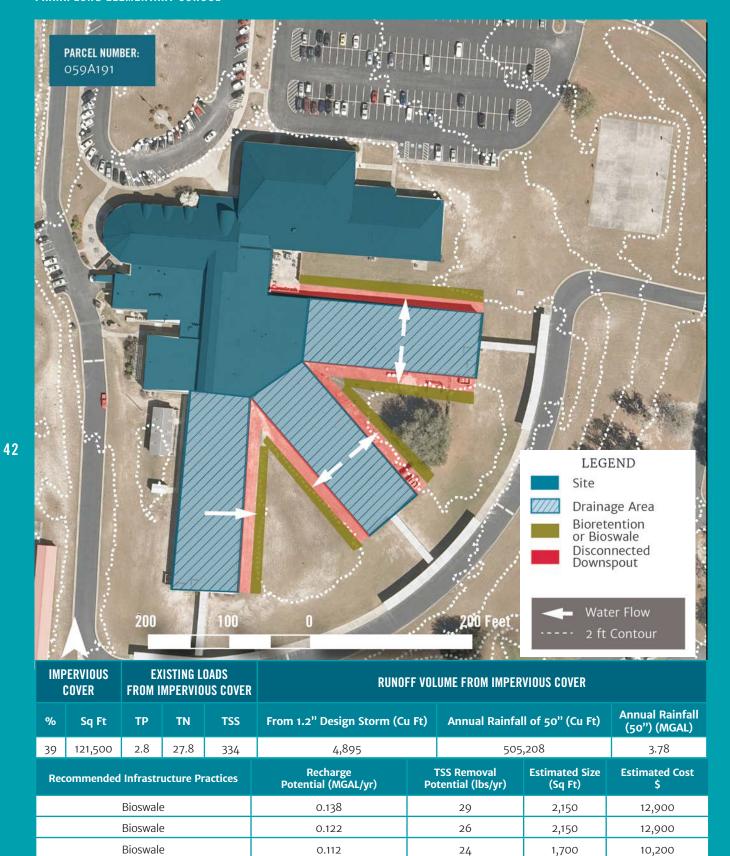
DISCONNECTED DOWNSPOUT

#### **OVERVIEW**

Runoff from buildings can be directed into bioretention systems that will capture, treat, and infiltrate stormwater. Additionally, downspouts from the covered walkway can be disconnected and runoff redirected to permeable pavement located in the driving lane on the southeast edge of the site.

Bioswale

Bioswale



0.138

0.24

29

51

1,700

4,875

10,200

29,250

# Frank Long Elementary School

920 Long Frasier Dr, Hinesville, GA 31313







# PROPOSED STRATEGIES:



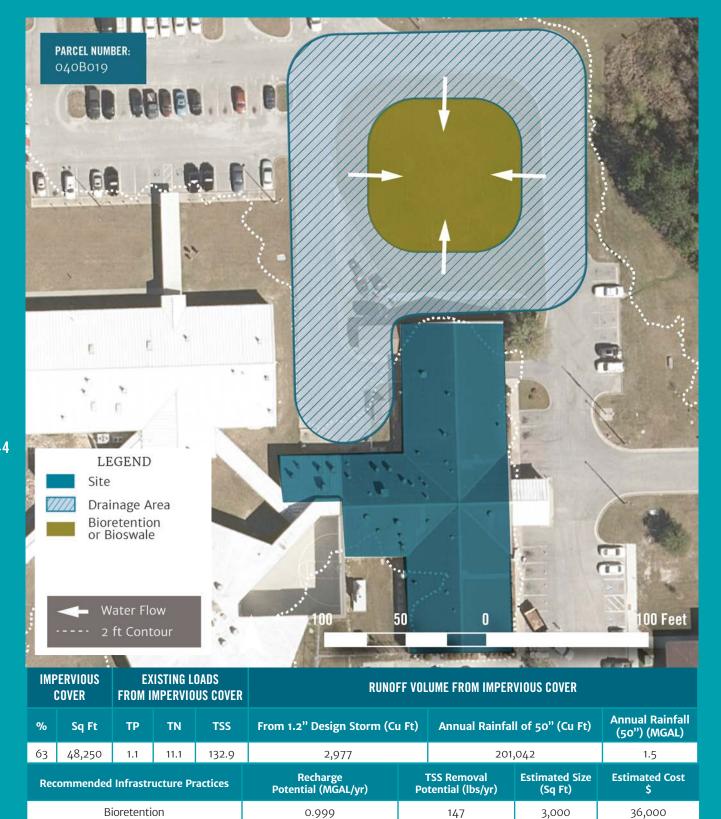
BIORETENTION SYSTEMS



DISCONNECTED DOWNSPOUT

#### **OVERVIEW**

The majority of the downspouts at this site are directly connected to the storm sewer system. Bioswales can be added to treat and infiltrate runoff adjacent to the buildings.



# **Liberty County Detective Office**

180 Paul Sikes Drive, Hinesville, GA 31313

PLACEHOLDERS

PLACEHOLDERS



# PROPOSED STRATEGIES:



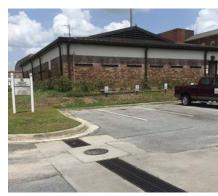
# **OVERVIEW**

Runoff from the driving lanes around the site can be directed into a bioretention system located in the center of the green space. The bioretention system will capture, treat, and infiltrate stormwater.



# **Emergency Management** and Information Technology

100 Liberty Street, Hinesville, GA 31313





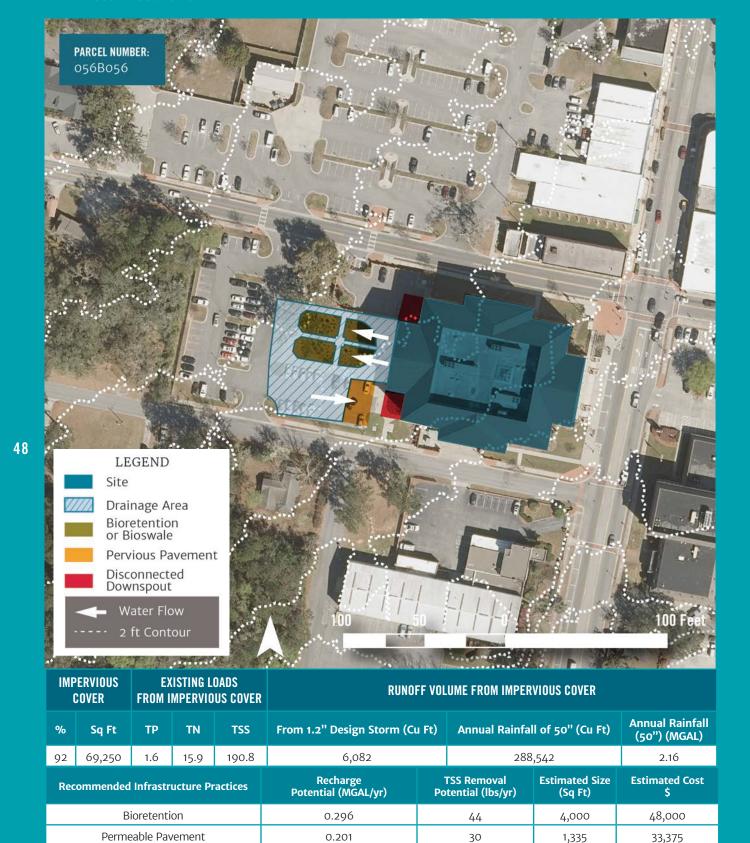


#### PROPOSED STRATEGIES:



## **OVERVIEW**

Runoff from the parking lot can be captured in permeable pavement installed in the parking stalls. The stormwater can be captured and treated in the permeable pavement system.



# **Liberty County Justice Center**

201 S Main St #1200, Hinesville, GA 31313







# PROPOSED STRATEGIES:



PERMEABLE PAVEMENT



BIORETENTION SYSTEMS

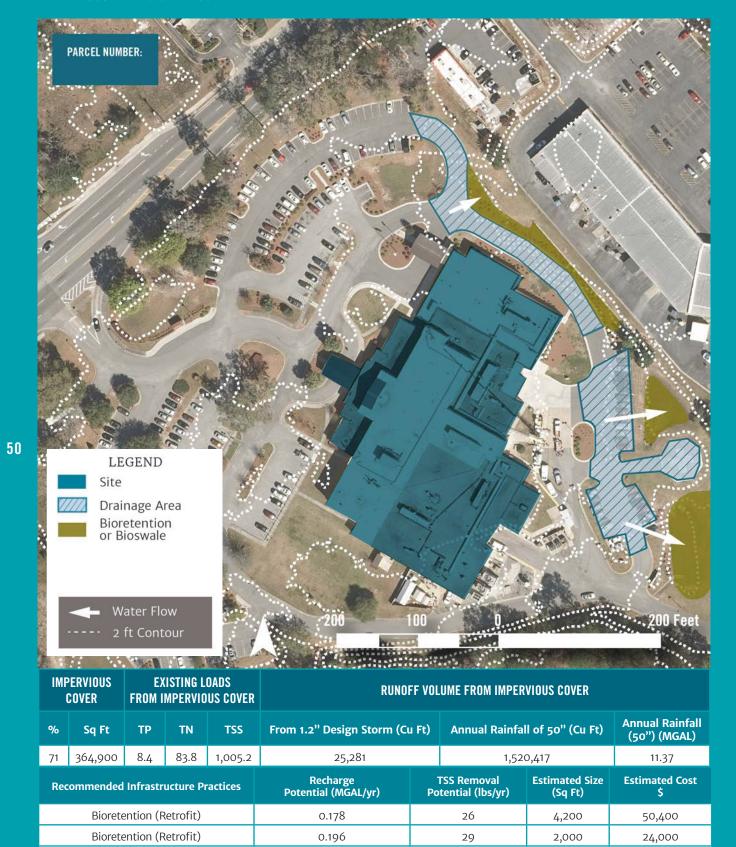


DISCONNECTED DOWNSPOUT

#### **OVERVIEW**

The vegetated quadrant at the main entrance can be retrofitted with four bioretention systems to capture, treat, and infiltrate runoff from the adjacent sidewalk. Runoff from the parking lot on the south side of the site can be treated by a permeable pavement system. Downspouts on the western edge of the building can be disconnected to allow stormwater to infiltrate into the vegetated areas adjacent to the building.

Bioretention (Retrofit)



0.164

24

3,850

46,200

# Liberty County Regional Hospital

462 Elma G Miles Pkwy, Hinesville, GA 31313







# PROPOSED STRATEGIES:



# **OVERVIEW**

The site currently has a series of detention basins that can be retrofitted with bioretention systems to capture, treat, and infiltrate runoff from the adjacent parking lot.



# **Liberty County Department of Recreation**

607 Oglethorpe Hwy, Hinesville, GA 31313





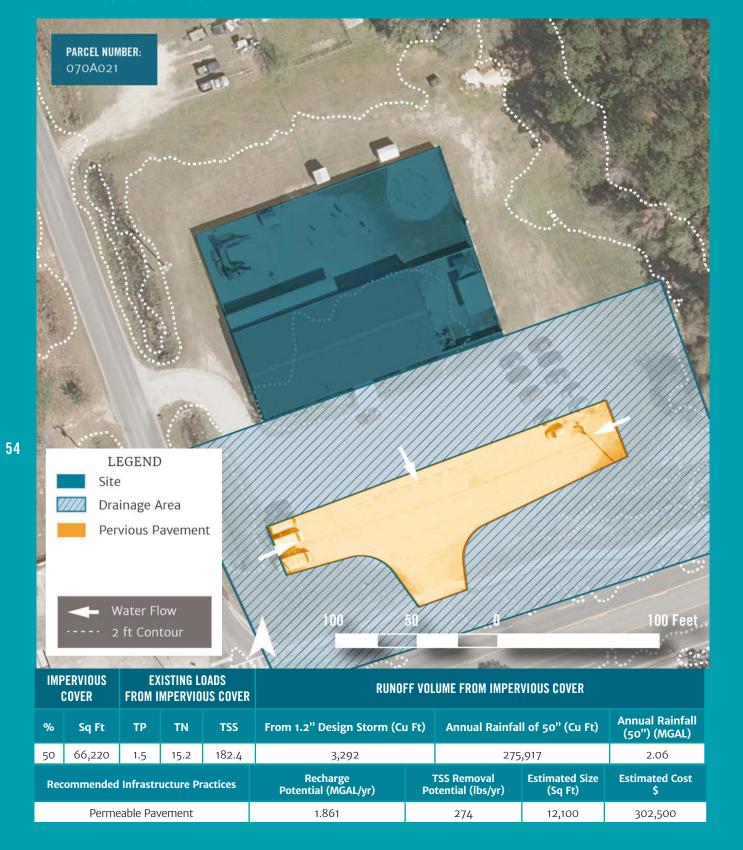


### **PROPOSED STRATEGIES:**



# **OVERVIEW**

Runoff from the parking lot currently flows from the north to the southeast across the site. A permeable pavement system can be added to the parking stalls along the south edge of the parking lot. The permeable pavement will capture and treat stormwater.



# **Little Treasures Learning Center**

1695 Elma G Miles Pkwy, Hinesville, GA 31313







### PROPOSED STRATEGIES:



# **OVERVIEW**

The current parking lot is gravel and the entrance regularly floods. A permeable pavement system can be installed at the entrance to capture and treat runoff from the building and the parking lot.

Bioretention (Retrofit)

Permeable Pavement

Permeable Pavement

56

9.513

1.24

1.036

13,000

7,000

8,400

156,000

175,000

210,000

1,401

183

153

# **Savannah Technical College**

100 Technology Dr, Hinesville, GA 31313







#### PROPOSED STRATEGIES:



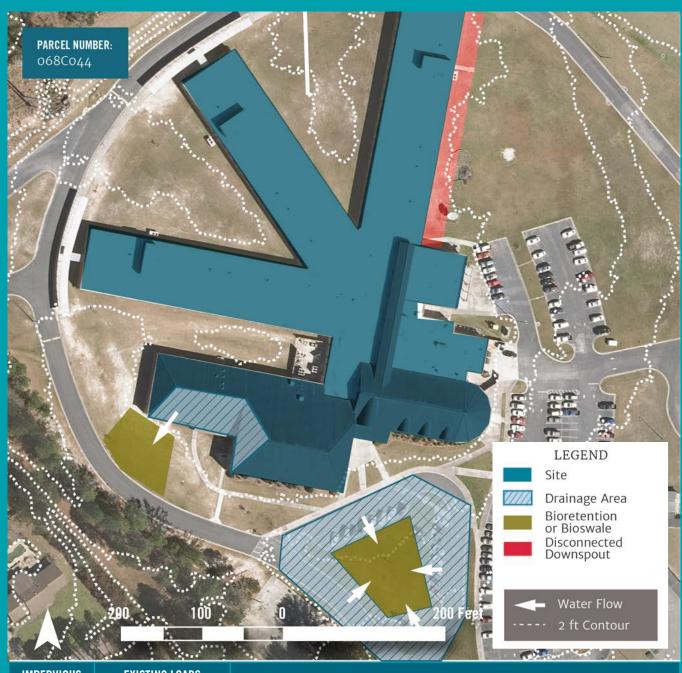
PERMEABLE PAVEMENT



BIORETENTION SYSTEMS

### OVERVIEW

Parking lot runoff at the north end of the site can be captured, stored, and treated in a permeable pavement and a bioretention system. A bioretention system can be used to retrofit the existing detention basin/swale along the north edge. The runoff in the parking lot on the south edge of the site can be treated in a permeable pavement system installed in the parking stalls.



IMPERVIOUS COVER		EXISTING LOADS From impervious cover			RUNOFF VOLUME FROM IMPERVIOUS COVER					
%	Sq Ft	TP	TN	TSS	From 1.2" Design Storm (Cu	ı Ft)	) Annual Rainfall of 50" (Cu Ft)		Annual Rainfall (50") (MGAL)	
31	40,400	0.9	9.3	111.3	1,338		168,333		1.26	
Recommended Infrastructure Practices					Recharge Potential (MGAL/yr)	TSS Removal Potential (lbs/yr)		Estimated Size (Sq Ft)	Estimated Cost \$	
	В	ioretenti	on		0.155	23		1,800	21,600	
	В	ioretenti	on		0.965		142	4,000	48,000	

# **Snelson-Golden Middle School**

465 Coates Road, Hinesville, GA 31313







# PROPOSED STRATEGIES:



PERMEABLE PAVEMENT



DISCONNECTED DOWNSPOUT

## OVERVIEW

Two bioretention systems can be added to landscaped areas on the south edge near the entrance of the site. Roof runoff and runoff from the driving lanes can be captured, treated, and infiltrated by these bioretention systems.



# **South Main Baptist Church**

1166 S Main Street, Hinesville, GA 31313







# PROPOSED STRATEGIES:



# OVERVIEW

Runoff from the parking lot moves west to east across the site. A bioswale can be added to capture, treat, and diffuse stormwater flow.

Bioretention



0.496

73

2,100

25,200

# Taylor's Creek Elementary School

378 Airport Road, Hinesville, GA 31313





# PROPOSED STRATEGIES:



# **OVERVIEW**

Runoff from the roundabout portion of the driving lanes can be redirected to a bioretention system installed in the interior green space. The bioretention system will capture, treat, and infiltrate stormwater.

Bioretention

1.785

10,850

130,200

263

# Waldo Pafford Elementary School

2550 W 15th Street, Hinesville, GA 31313







# PROPOSED STRATEGIES:



BIORETENTION SYSTEMS



DISCONNECTED DOWNSPOUT

# **OVERVIEW**

A linear detention basin along the northern edge of the site can be retrofitted with a bioretention system. The bioretention system will capture, treat, and infiltrate stormwater. The downspouts along the covered walkway and the northern edge of can be disconnected to allow stormwater to infiltrate into the surrounding green space.



# **Westwood Child Care**

508 Ashmore Road, Hinesville, GA 31313







# PROPOSED STRATEGIES:



## **OVERVIEW**

Runoff from the parking area currently drains west toward a dirt lot at the northeast edge of the site. A permeable pavement system can be added to capture and treat stormwater.

